

Square Difference Labeling of Graphs

G. Amuda¹ and S. Meena²

¹Currently Pursuing Part Time Ph. D in Labeling of Graph in Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Tirunelveli, India

²Currently Working as Associate Professor in Department of Mathematics in Govt. Arts and Science College, Chidambaram.

E-mail: ¹amudakaruppaiyan@gmail.com, ²meenasaravana14@gmail.com.

Abstract

A graph $G=(V,E)$ with p vertices and q edges is said to admit square difference labeling, if there exists a bijection $f: V(G) \rightarrow \{0, 1, \dots, p-1\}$ such that the induced function $f^*: E(G) \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ given by $f^*(uv) = |f(u)^2 - f(v)^2|$ for every $uv \in E(G)$ are all distinct. A graph which admits square difference labeling is called square difference graph.

In this paper we prove that some classes of graph like Alternative Double Triangular Snake, Alternative Triangular Snake, Banana Tree, Umbrella Graph, $P_n(Q_{S_n})$ graph, $C_n(Q_{S_n})$ graphs are square difference graphs.

Keywords: Square difference labeling, square difference graph.

1. Introduction

All graphs in this paper are simple finite undirected and nontrivial graph $G=(V, E)$ with vertex set V and the edge set E . For graph theoretic terminology, we refer to Harary [2]. A dynamic survey on graph labeling is regularly updated by Gallian [3] and it is published by Electronic Journal of Combinatorics. Vast amount of literature is available on different types of graph labeling and more than 1000 research papers have been published so far in past three decades. The square sum labeling is previously defined by V. Ajitha, S. Arumugam and K. A. Germina [1]. The concept of square difference labeling was first introduced by J. Shiama proved in [6] many standard graphs like P_n , C_n , complete graphs, cycle cactus, ladder, lattice grids, quadrilateral snakes, Wheels, $K_2 + m K_1$, comb, star graphs, $m K_3$, $m C_3$, duplication of vertices by an edge to some star graphs and crown graphs are square difference graphs. Also proved

that the path is an odd square difference graphs and star graphs are perfect square graphs. Some graphs like shadow and split graphs [4] and [5] can also be investigated for the square difference.

Definition: 1.1: Let $G=(V(G), E(G))$ be a graph. G is said to be square difference labeling if there exist a bijection $f: V(G) \rightarrow \{0,1,2,\dots,p-1\}$ such that the induced function $f^*: E(G) \rightarrow N$ given by $f^*(uv) = |f(u)^2 - f(v)^2|$ is injective.

Definition: 1.2: Let G_1, G_2, \dots, G_n be a family of disjoint stars. The tree obtained by joining a new vertex a to one pendant vertex of each star G_i is called a banana tree. Let $K_{1n_1}, K_{1n_2}, \dots, K_{1n_k}$ be a family of disjoint stars with the vertex-sets $V(K_{1n_i}) = \{c_i, a_{i1}, a_{i2}, \dots, a_{in_i}\}$ and $\deg(c_i) = n_i; 1 \leq i \leq k$. A banana tree $BT(n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k)$ is a tree obtained by adding a new vertex a and joining it to $a_{11}, a_{21}, \dots, a_{k1}$.

Definition: 1.3: Let $G = P_n(Q_{S_n})$ is a graph let $V(G) = \{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n, v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n\}$ be the vertices of the graph and $E(G) = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\} \cup \{u_i v_{2i-1}, w_i v_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\} \cup \{u_i v_{2i}, w_i v_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$. Let G_1, G_2, \dots, G_n be m copies of C_4 and $P_n : u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n$ be a path. The $P_n(Q_{S_n})$ is $4mn + (n-1)$ copies of P_2 .

Definition: 1.4: Let $G = C_n(Q_{S_n})$ is a graph let $V(G) = \{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n, v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n\}$ be the vertices of the graph and $E(G) = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\} \cup \{u_i v_{2i-1}, w_i v_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\} \cup \{u_i v_{2i}, w_i v_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$. Let G_1, G_2, \dots, G_n be m copies of C_4 and Let $C_n : u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n$ be a cycle.

2. Main Result

Theorem: 1 The Double Triangular Snake G_n is a square difference graph.

Proof

Let G be the Double Triangular Snake and Let $V(G) = \{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n, v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{n-1}, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{n-1}\}$ be the vertices of the graph and $E(G) = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\} \cup \{v_i u_i, w_i u_i / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\} \cup \{v_i u_{i+1}, w_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$ be the edges of the graph.

Let. Let $|V(G)| = 2n+2$ and $|E(G)| = 4n-1$

Define the vertex labeling $f: V(G) \rightarrow \{0, 1, 2, \dots, p-1\}$

$f(u_i) = i-1, 1 \leq i \leq n$

$f(v_i) = i+n-1, 1 \leq i \leq n-1$

$f(w_i) = 2(n-1)+i, 1 \leq i \leq n-1$

and the induced edge labeling function

$f: E(G) \rightarrow N$ defined by

$f(uv) = |f(u)^2 - f(v)^2|$ for every $uv \in E(G)$

is injective such that $f(e_i) \neq f(e_j)$ for every $e_i \neq e_j$

The edge sets are

$E_1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$

$E_2 = \{v_i u_i / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$

$E_3 = \{v_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$

$E_4 = \{w_i u_i / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$

$E_5 = \{w_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$

and the edge labels are

In E₁

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | f(u_i)^2 - f(u_{i+1})^2 | \\ &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | (i-1)^2 - (n-1+i)^2 | \\ &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | 1 - 2i | \\ &= \{1, 3, 5, \dots, 1-2n\} \end{aligned}$$

In E₂

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(v_i u_i) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | f(v_i)^2 - f(u_i)^2 | \\ &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | k^2 + 2i(k+1) - 1 | \\ &= \{16, 24, 32, \dots, 3n^2 - 4n\} \end{aligned}$$

In E₃

$$\begin{aligned} f(v_i u_{i+1}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | f(v_i)^2 - f(u_{i+1})^2 | \\ &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | k^2 + 2ki | \\ &= \{15, 21, 27, \dots, 3n^2 - 6n + 3\} \end{aligned}$$

In E₄

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(w_i u_i) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | f(w_i)^2 - f(u_i)^2 | \\ &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | 4k^2 + 2i(2k+1) - 1 | \\ &= \{49, 63, 77, \dots, 8n^2 - 14n + 5\} \end{aligned}$$

In E₅

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(w_i u_{i+1}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | f(w_i)^2 - f(u_{i+1})^2 | \\ &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | 4k(k+i) | \\ &= \{48, 60, 72, \dots, 8n^2 - 16n + 8\} \end{aligned}$$

Here all the edge labels are distinct.

Hence the Double triangular snake graph admits a square difference labeling.

Theorem:2

The Alternative triangular snake G is a square difference graph.

Proof

Let $G=A(T_n)$ be the graph and Let $V(G)=\{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n, v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{n-1}, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{n-1}\}$ be the vertices of the graph and $E(G)=\{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\} \cup \{v_i u_{2i}, v_i u_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n/2\} \cup \{v_i u_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n/2\}$ be the edges of the graph. Let $|V(G)|=2n-3$ and $|E(G)|=2n-1$.

Define the vertex labeling $f:V(G) \rightarrow \{0, 1, 2, \dots, p-1\}$

$$f(u_i) = i-1, 1 \leq i \leq n$$

$$f(v_i) = i+n-1, 1 \leq i \leq n-3$$

and the induced edge labeling function

$f:E(G) \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ defined by

$$f(uv) = | [f(u)]^2 - [f(v)]^2 | \text{ for every } uv \in E(G)$$

is injective such that $f(e_i) \neq f(e_j)$ for every $e_i \neq e_j$

The edge sets are

$$E_1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_2 = \{v_i u_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n/2\}$$

$$E_3 = \{v_i u_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n/2\}$$

and the edge labels are

In E₁

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} |f(u_i)^2 - f(u_{i+1})^2| \\ &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} |(i-1)^2 - (n-1+i)^2| \\ &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} |1-2i| \\ &= \{1, 3, 5, \dots, 2n-3\} \end{aligned}$$

In E₂

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(v_i u_{2i-1}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} |f(v_i)^2 - f(u_{2i-1})^2| \\ &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} |n^2 + 2n(i-1) + 3i(2-i) - 3| \\ &= \{36, 45, 48, \dots, 5n^2/4+n-3\} \end{aligned}$$

In E₃

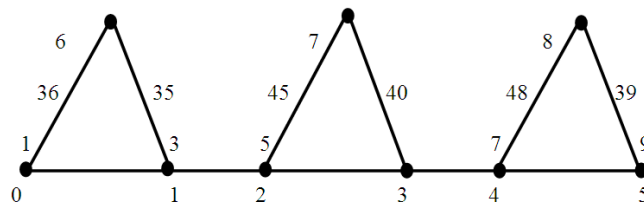
$$\begin{aligned} f^*(v_i u_{2i}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} |f(v_i)^2 - f(u_{2i})^2| \\ &= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} |n^2 + 2n(i-1) + i(2-3i)| \\ &= \{35, 40, 39, \dots, 5n^2/4-n\} \end{aligned}$$

Here all the edge labels are distinct.

Hence the Alternative triangular snake graph admits a square difference labeling.

Example:

The alternative triangular snake graph A(T₆) is a square difference labeling.



Theorem: 3

The alternative double triangular snake G_n is a square difference graph.

Proof:

Let P: u₁, u₂, ..., u_n be the path of the graph G. Let V(G) = {u₁, u₂, ..., u_n, v₁, v₂, ..., v_{n-1}, w₁, w₂, ..., w_{n-1}} be the vertices of the graph and E(G) = {u_iu_{i+1} / 1 ≤ i ≤ n-1} ∪ {v_iu_{2i-1}, w_iu_{2i-1} / 1 ≤ i ≤ n/2} ∪ {v_iu_{2i}, w_iu_{2i} / 1 ≤ i ≤ n/2} be the edges of the graph.

Let |V(G)| = 2n and |E(G)| = 3n - 1

Define the vertex labeling f : VA(T_n) → {0, ..., p-1}

f(u_i) = i-1, 1 ≤ i ≤ n

f(v_i) = n-1+i, 1 ≤ i ≤ n/2

f(w_i) = $\frac{3n}{2} + i - 1$, 1 ≤ i ≤ n/2

and the induced edge labeling function

f : EA(T_n) → N defined by

f(uv) = |[f(u)]² - [f(v)]²| for every uv ∈ E(G)

is injective such that f(e_i) ≠ f(e_j) for every e_i ≠ e_j

The edge sets are

$$E_1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$$

$$E_2 = \{v_i u_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n/2\}$$

$$E_3 = \{v_i u_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n/2\}$$

$$E_4 = \{w_i u_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n/2\}$$

$$E_5 = \{w_i u_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n/2\}$$

and the edge labels are

In E_1

$$f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} |f(u_i)^2 - f(u_{i+1})^2|$$

$$f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} |1 - 2i|$$

$$= \{1, 3, 5, \dots, 1-2n\}$$

In E_2

$$f^*(v_i u_{2i-1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} |f(v_i)^2 - f(u_{2i-1})^2|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} |n^2 + 2n(i-1) + 3i(2-i) - 3|$$

$$= \{16, 21, \dots, 5n^2/4 + n - 3\}$$

In E_3

$$f^*(v_i u_{2i}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} |f(v_i)^2 - f(u_{2i})^2|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} |n^2 + 2n(i-1) + i(2-3i)|$$

$$= \{15, 16, \dots, 5n^2/4 - n\}$$

In E_4

$$f^*(w_i u_{2i-1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} |f(w_i)^2 - f(u_{2i-1})^2|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} | \frac{5n^2}{4} + n(n+3i-3) - 3i(i-2) - 3 |$$

$$= \{36, 45, \dots, 3(n^2-1)\}$$

In E_5

$$f^*(w_i u_{2i}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} |f(w_i)^2 - f(u_{2i})^2|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} | 3n(\frac{3n}{4} + i - 1) + i(2-3i) |$$

$$= \{35, 40, \dots, 3n^2 - 2n\}$$

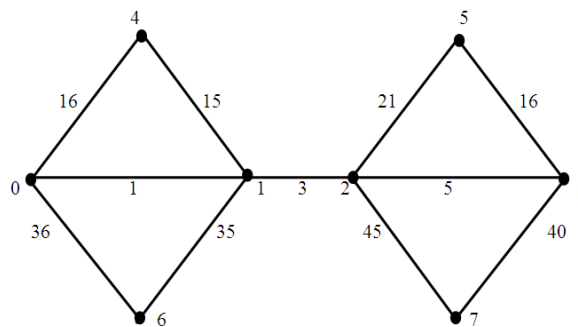
Here all the edges labels are distinct.

Hence the alternative double triangular snake admits a square difference labeling.

Example:

The alternative double triangular snake $A(T_n)$ is a square difference graph.

Solution :



Theorem: 4

The Banana tree G is a square difference labeling $G=BT(n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k)$

Proof:

Let $P : u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n$ be the path of the graph G and Let $V(G)=\{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n, v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{n+1}\}$ be the vertices of the graph and $E(G)=\{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\} \cup \{u_i v_i / 1 \leq i \leq n\} \cup \{v_i, w_{4i-3} w_{4i-2} w_{4i-1} w_{4i} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$ be the edges of the graph. Let $|V(G)|=6n$ and $|E(G)|=6n-1$.

Define the vertex labeling $f : E \rightarrow \{0, \dots, p-1\}$

$$f(u_i) = i-1, 1 \leq i \leq n$$

$$f(v_i) = n-1+i, 1 \leq i \leq n$$

$$f(w_i) = 2n+i-1, 1 \leq i \leq n+1$$

and the induced edge labeling function

$f : E(BT(n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k)) \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ defined by

$$f(uv) = | [f(u)]^2 - [f(v)]^2 | \text{ for every } uv \in E(G)$$

is injective .such that $f(e_i) \neq f(e_j)$ for every $e_i \neq e_j$

The edge sets are

$$E_1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$$

$$E_2 = \{u_i v_i / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_3 = \{w_{4i-3} v_i / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_4 = \{w_{4i-2} v_i / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_5 = \{w_{4i-1} v_i / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_6 = \{w_{4i} v_i / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

and the edge labels are

In E_1

$$f^*(E_1) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | f(u_i)^2 - f(u_{i+1})^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | 1 - 2i |$$

$$= \{1, 3, \dots, 3-2n\}$$

$$f^*(E_2) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n | f(u_i)^2 - f(v_i)^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | (i-1)^2 - (n+i-1)^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | -n^2 - 2ni + 2n |$$

$$= \{9, 15, 21, \dots, -3n^2 + 2n\}$$

$$f^*(E_3) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n | f(w_{4i-3})^2 - f(v_i)^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | (2n+4i-4)^2 - (n+i-1)^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | 3n^2 + 15i^2 + 14ni - 14n - 30i + 15 |$$

$$= \{27, 84, 171, \dots, 32n^2 - 44n + 15\}$$

$$f^*(E_4) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n | f(w_{4i-2})^2 - f(v_i)^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | (2n+4i-3)^2 - (n+i-1)^2 |$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | 3n^2 + 15i^2 + 14ni - 10n - 22i + 8 | \\
 &= \{40, 105, 200, \dots, 8(4n^2 - 4n + 1)\} \\
 f^*(E_5) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | f(w_{4i-1})^2 - f(v_i)^2 | \\
 &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | (2n + 4i - 2)^2 - (n + i - 1)^2 | \\
 &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | 3n^2 + 15i^2 + 14ni - 6n - 14i + 3 | \\
 &= \{55, 128, 231, \dots, 32n^2 - 20n + 3\} \\
 f^*(E_6) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | f(w_{4i})^2 - f(v_i)^2 | \\
 &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | (2n + 4i - 1)^2 - (n + i - 1)^2 | \\
 &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | 3n^2 + 15i^2 + 14ni - 2n - 6i | = \{72, 153, 264, \dots, 32n^2 - 8n\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Here all the edge labels are distinct.
Hence the Banana tree admits a square difference labeling .

Theorem:5

The Umbrella graph is a square difference labeling.

Proof:

Let $U(G)$ be the umbrella graph. Let $V(G) = \{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n, v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{n+1}\}$ be the vertices of the graph and $E(G) = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\} \cup \{v_i v_{i+1}, v_i u_n / 1 \leq i \leq n+1\}$ be the edges of the graph.

Let $|V(G)| = n$ and $|E(G)| = 3n$.

Define the vertex labeling $f: E \rightarrow \{0, 1, 2, \dots, p-1\}$

$f(u_i) = i-1, 1 \leq i \leq n$

$f(v_i) = i+2, 1 \leq i \leq n+1$

and the induced edge labeling function $f: E \rightarrow N$ defined by

$f(uv) = | [f(u)]^2 - [f(v)]^2 |$ for every $uv \in E(G)$ are all distinct .Such that $f(e_i) \neq f(e_j)$

for every $e_i \neq e_j$

The edge sets are

$E_1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$

$E_2 = \{v_i v_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$

$E_3 = \{v_i u_n / 1 \leq i \leq n+1\}$

and the edge labels are

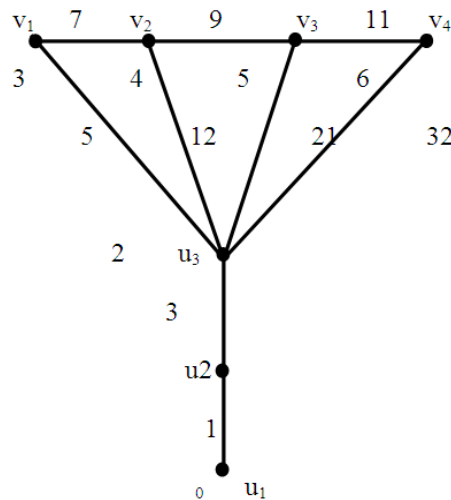
$$f^*(E_1) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | f(u_i)^2 - f(u_{i+1})^2 |$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \cup_{i=1}^{n-1} |1 - 2i| \\
 &= \{1, 3, \dots, 3-2n\} \\
 f^*(E_2) &= \cup_{i=1}^n |f(v_i)^2 - f(v_{i+1})^2| \\
 &= \cup_{i=1}^n |-2i - 5| \\
 &= \{7, 9, 11, \dots, -(2n+5)\} \\
 f^*(E_3) &= \cup_{i=1}^{n+1} |f(v_i)^2 - f(u_n)^2| \\
 &= \cup_{i=1}^{n+1} |i^2 + 4i - n(n-2) + 3| \\
 &= \{5, 12, 21, \dots, 8(n+1)\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Here all the edge labels are distinct.

Hence the umbrella graph admits a square difference labeling.

For example;



Theorem:6

The graph $G=P_n(QS_n)$ is a square difference labeling ($n \geq 1, m \geq 1$).

Proof:

Let $G=P_n(QS_n)$ is a graph . let $V(G)=\{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n, v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{mn}, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{mn}\}$ be the vertices of the graph and $E(G)=\{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\} \cup \{u_i v_{2i-1}, w_i v_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\} \cup \{u_i v_{2i}, w_i v_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$. Let G_1, G_2, \dots, G_n be m copies of C_4 and $P_n : u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n$ be a path . The $P_n(QS_n)$ is $4mn + (n-1)$ copies of P_2 .

Let $|V(G)| = 3mn + n$ and $|E(G)| = 4mn + (n-1)$

Define the vertex labeling $f: E \rightarrow \{0, 1, \dots, p-1\}$

$f(u_i) = i-1, 1 \leq i \leq n$

$$f(v_{2nk+i})=(3k+1)n+(i-1), 1 \leq i \leq n-1, k=0,1,2,3,\dots,n$$

$$f(w_{nk+1})=3n(k+1)+(i-1), 1 \leq i \leq n-1, k=0,1,2,3,\dots,n$$

$$f(v_i)=n+i-1 \text{ for } k=0$$

$$f(w_i)=3n+i-1 \text{ for } k=0$$

and the induced edge labeling function

$f:E \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ defined by

$$f(uv) = | [f(u)]^2 - [f(v)]^2 | \text{ for every } uv \in E(G)$$

is injective .such that $f(e_i) \neq f(e_j)$ for every $e_i \neq e_j$

The edge sets are

$$E_1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$$

$$E_2 = \{u_i v_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_3 = \{u_i v_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_4 = \{w_i v_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_5 = \{w_i v_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

and the edge labels are

In E_1

$$f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | (1-i)^2 - i^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | (1-2i) |$$

$$= \{1, 3, 5, \dots, 3-2n\}$$

In E_2

$$f^*(u_i v_{2i-1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n/2} | f(u_i)^2 - f(v_{2i-1})^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | (i-1)^2 - (n+2i-2)^2 | /$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | 3i(2-i) - n(n+4i-4) - 3 |$$

$$= \{4, 15, \dots, -(8n^2-10n+3)\}$$

In E_3

$$f^*(u_i v_{2i}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n | f(u_i)^2 - f(v_{2i})^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | (i-1)^2 - (n+2i-1)^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n | -3i^2 + 2i - n^2 - 2n(2i-1) |$$

$$= \{9, 24, \dots, -(8n^2-8)\}$$

In E_4

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(w_i v_{2i-1}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |f(w_i)^2 - f(v_{2i})^2| \\
 &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |(3n + i - 1)^2 - (n + 2i - 2)^2| \\
 &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |8n^2 - 3(i^2 + 1) + 2n(i - 1) + 6i| \\
 &= \{32, 33, \dots, 7n^2 + 4n - 3\}
 \end{aligned}$$

In E_5

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(w_i v_{2i}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |f(w_i)^2 - f(v_{2i})^2| \\
 &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |(3n + i - 1)^2 - (n + 2i - 1)^2| \\
 &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |8n^2 - 3i^2 + 2ni - 4n + 2i| \\
 &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |8n^2 - i(3i - 2) + 2n(i - 2)| \\
 &= \{27, 24, \dots, 7n^2 - 2n\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Here all the edge labels are distinct.

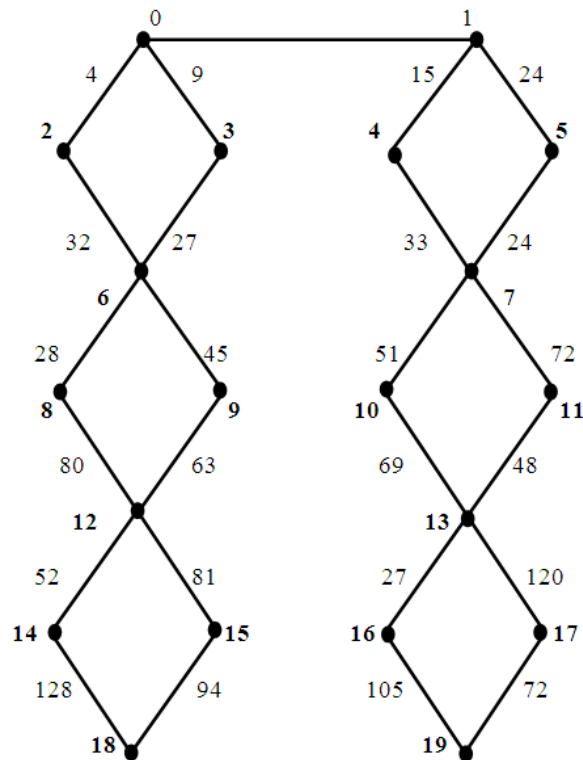
Hence the $P_n(QS_n)$ graph admits a square difference labeling.

For example;

The graph $P_2(QS_3)$ is a square difference labeling.

Solution:

If $n \geq 1$ and $m \geq 1$



Theorem: 10

The graph $G=C_n(QS_n)$ is a square difference labeling for all $m \geq 1$ and for all $n \geq 3$.

Proof:

Let $G=C_n(QS_n)$ is a graph . let $V(G)=\{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n, v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{mn}, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{mn}\}$ be the vertices of the graph and $E(G)=\{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\} \cup \{u_i v_{2i-1}, w_i v_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\} \cup \{u_i v_{2i}, w_i v_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$. Let G denote m copies of C_n and Let $C_n : u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n u_1$ be a cycle . Let $|V(G)| = 3mn + n$ and $|E(G)| = 4mn + n$.

Define the vertex labeling $f: E \rightarrow \{0, 1, \dots, p-1\}$.

$$f(u_i) = i-1, 1 \leq i \leq n$$

$$f(v_{2nk+i}) = (3k+1)n + (i-1), 1 \leq i \leq n-1, k=0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$$

$$f(w_{nk+1}) = 3n(k+1) + (i-1), 1 \leq i \leq n-1, k=0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$$

$$f(v_i) = n+i-1 \text{ for } k=0$$

$$f(w_i) = 3n+i-1 \text{ for } k=0$$

and the induced edge labeling function

$f: E \rightarrow N$ defined by

$$f(uv) = | [f(u)]^2 - [f(v)]^2 | \text{ for every } uv \in E(G)$$

is injective .such that $f(e_i) \neq f(e_j)$ for every $e_i \neq e_j$

The edge sets are

$$E_1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \leq i \leq n-1\}$$

$$E_2 = \{u_i v_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_3 = \{u_i v_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_4 = \{w_i v_{2i-1} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_5 = \{w_i v_{2i} / 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

and the edge labels are

In E_1

$$f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | (1-i)^2 - i^2 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} (1-2i) |$$

$$= \{1, 3, 5, \dots, 3-2n\}$$

In E_2

$$f^*(u_i v_{2i-1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n | f(u_i)^2 - f(v_{2i-1})^2 |$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |(i-1)^2 - (n+2i-2)^2| \\
&= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |3i(2-i) - n^2 + 4n(1-i) - 3| \\
&= \{9, 24, 45, \dots, -8n^2 + 10n - 3\}
\end{aligned}$$

In E_3

$$\begin{aligned}
f^*(u_i v_{2i}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |f(u_i)^2 - f(v_{2i})^2| \\
&= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |(i-1)^2 - (n+2i-1)^2| \\
&= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |-3i^2 + 2i - n^2 - 2n(2i-1)| \\
&= \{16, 35, 60, \dots, -8n^2 + 4n\}
\end{aligned}$$

In E_4

$$\begin{aligned}
f^*(w_i v_{2i-1}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |f(w_i)^2 - f(v_{2i-1})^2| \\
&= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |(3n+i-1)^2 - (n+2i-2)^2| \\
&= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |8n^2 - 3(i^2+1) + 2n(i-1) + 6i| \\
&= \{72, 75, 72, \dots, 7n^2 + 4n - 3\}
\end{aligned}$$

In E_5

$$\begin{aligned}
f^*(w_i v_{2i}) &= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |f(w_i)^2 - f(v_{2i})^2| \\
&= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |(3n+i-1)^2 - (n+2i-1)^2| \\
&= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |8n^2 - 3i^2 + 2ni - 4n + 2i| \\
&= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |8n^2 - i(3i-2) + 2n(i-2)| \\
&= \{65, 64, 57, \dots, 7n^2 - 2n\}
\end{aligned}$$

Here all the edge labels are distinct.

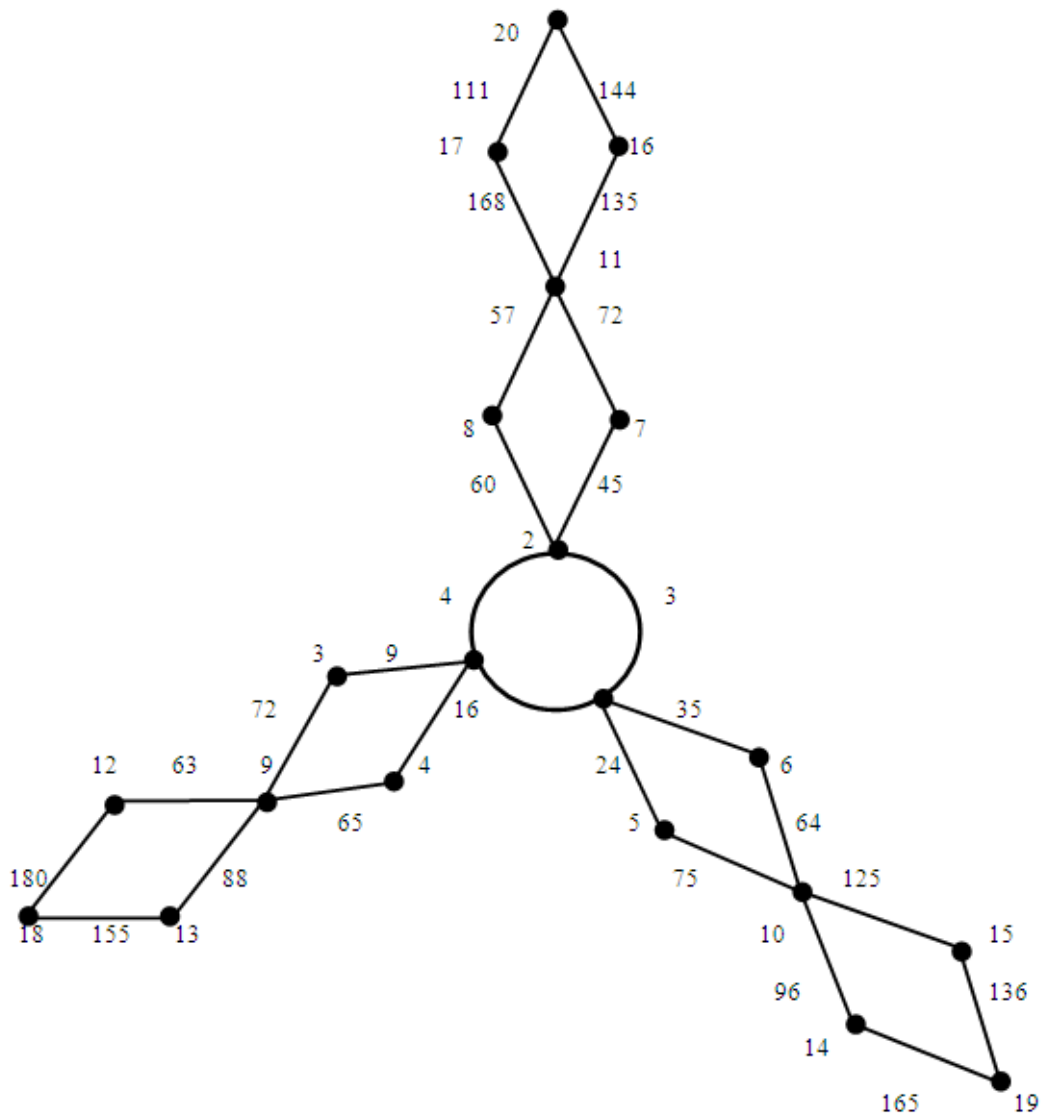
Hence the $C_n(QS_n)$ graph admits a square difference labeling.

Example;

The graph $C_n(QS_n)$ is a square difference labeling. ($n \geq 3, m \geq 1$).

Solution:

If $n \geq 3$ and $m \geq 1$



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